"Populations that consume more dietary fiber have less chronic disease. In addition, intake of dietary fiber has beneficial effects on risk factors for developing several chronic diseases."

American Dietetic Association

Health Tip #6 - FIBER

Fiber increases satiety (the feeling of fullness) by adding bulk to foods without additional calories.

The daily dietary fiber recommendation is:

- 19 grams children (1-3 yrs.)
- 25 grams children (4-8 yrs.
- 26 grams females (9-18 yrs.)
- 25 grams females (19-50 yrs)
- 21 grams females (51+ yrs.)
- 31 grams males (9-13 yrs.)
- 38 grams males (14-50 yrs.)
- 30 grams males (51+ yrs.)

Consuming adequate fiber can:

- Lower cholesterol
- Normalize blood sugar
- · Reduce risk of diabetes
- Improve large intestine function
- Help reduce the risk of constipation
- Help reduce the risk of diverticulosis
- Reduce risk of coronary heart disease
- Decrease hemorrhoid and colon cancer
- Help maintain normal healthy body weight

Lack of adequate fiber consumption can contribute to:

- Constipation
- Digestive abnormalities
- High cholesterol
- Weight gain

Good fiber sources that I recommend are:

- Bob's Red Mill Whole Ground Flaxseed meal (4 grams of fiber per 2 tbsp)
- Smart Basics Organic High Fiber Hemp Protein Mix (7 grams of fiber per 2 tbsp)
- Trader Joe's fiber mini cakes (12 grams of fiber per mini cake)

Consider making this 'healthy change for a healthier you'!

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